

AS Level Further Mathematics A Y535 Additional Pure Mathematics Sample Question Paper

Version 2

Date – Morning/Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

You must have:

- Printed Answer Book
- Formulae AS Level Further Mathematics A

You may use:

- a scientific or graphical calculator



INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Complete the boxes provided on the Printed Answer Booklet with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- **Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Booklet.** Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question.
- The acceleration due to gravity is denoted by $g \text{ m s}^{-2}$. Unless otherwise instructed, when a numerical value is needed, use $g = 9.8$.

INFORMATION

- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- **You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.**
- The Printed Answer Booklet consists of **12** pages. The Question Paper consists of **4** pages.

Answer **all** the questions.

- 1** The sequence $\{u_n\}$ is defined by $u_1 = 2$ and $u_{n+1} = \frac{12}{1+u_n}$ for $n \geq 1$.
Given that the sequence converges, with limit α , determine the value of α . [3]
- 2** The points $A(1, 2, 2)$, $B(8, 2, 5)$, $C(-3, 6, 5)$ and $D(-10, 6, 2)$ are the vertices of parallelogram $ABCD$.
Determine the area of $ABCD$. [5]
- 3** A non-commutative group G consists of the six elements $\{e, a, a^2, b, ab, ba\}$ where e is the identity element, a is an element of order 3 and b is an element of order 2.
By considering the row in G 's group table in which each of the above elements is pre-multiplied by b , show that $ba^2 = ab$. [5]
- 4** Let S be the set $\{16, 36, 56, 76, 96\}$ and \times_H the operation of multiplication modulo 100.
- (i) Given that a and b are odd positive integers, show that $(10a+6)(10b+6)$ can also be written in the form $10n+6$ for some odd positive integer n . [3]
- (ii) Construct the Cayley table for (S, \times_H) [2]
- (iii) Show that (S, \times_H) is a group.
[You may use the result that \times_H is associative on S .] [3]
- (iv) Write down all generators of (S, \times_H) . [1]
- 5** Let $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 2xy + 1$. The surface S has equation $z = f(x, y)$.
- (i) (a) Find f_x . [1]
- (b) Find f_y . [1]
- (c) Show that S has a stationary point at $(0, 0, 1)$. [5]
- (d) Find the coordinates of the second stationary point of S . [1]
- (ii) The section $z = f(a, y)$, where a is a constant, has exactly one stationary point.
Determine the equation of the section. [3]

- 6 A customer takes out a loan of $\pounds P$ from a bank at an annual interest rate of 4.9%. Interest is charged monthly at an equivalent monthly interest rate. This interest is added to the outstanding amount of the loan at the end of each month, and then the customer makes a fixed monthly payment of $\pounds M$ in order to reduce the outstanding amount of the loan.

Let L_n denote the outstanding amount of the loan at the end of month n **after** the fixed payment has been made, with $L_0 = P$.

- (i) Explain how the outstanding amount of the loan from one month to the next is modelled by the recurrence relation

$$L_{n+1} = 1.004L_n - M \quad (*)$$

with $L_0 = P$, $n \geq 0$.

[3]

- (ii) Solve, in terms of n , M and P , the first order recurrence relation given in part (i). [6]

- (iii) The loan amount is $\pounds 100\,000$ and will be fully repaid after 10 years. Find, to the nearest pound, the value of the monthly repayment. [3]

- (iv) The bank's procedures only allow for calculations using integer amounts of pounds. When each monthly amount of the outstanding debt (L_n) is calculated it is always rounded **up** to the nearest pound before the monthly repayment (M) is subtracted.

Rewrite (*) to take this into account.

[2]

- 7 (i) Let $N = 10a + b$ and $M = a - 5b$ where a and b are integers such that $a \geq 1$ and $0 \leq b \leq 9$. N is to be tested for divisibility by 17.

- (a) Prove that $17 \mid N$ if and only if $17 \mid M$. [5]

- (b) Demonstrate step-by-step how an algorithm based on these forms can be used to show that $17 \mid 4097$. [2]

- (ii) (a) Show that, for $n \geq 2$, any number of the form 1001_n is composite. [3]

- (b) Given that n is a positive even number, provide a counter-example to show that the statement "any number of the form 10001_n is prime" is false. [3]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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